

Depart with dignity

# HOW DO I KNOW WHEN IT'S TIME?

Assessing Quality of Life for Your Companion Animal and Making End-of-Life Decisions Deciding to euthanize your companion animal may be one of the most difficult decisions you ever make. Often, well-loved pets are euthanized to minimize unnecessary suffering. The quality of animals' lives is defined by their overall physical and mental well-being, not just one aspect of their lives. The chart below attempts to consider all aspects of your pet's life. It is important to remember that all pets are different. What may be considered a poor quality of life for one family may be different for another. Don't forget to take your own quality of life into account as well.



Higher numbers on this chart equal a better quality of life. This chart may help you to better visualize the general well-being of your pet. In some cases, even one item on the left-hand side of the chart (for example: pain) may indicate a poor quality of life, even if many of the other items are still positive. Ask yourself if your pet is still able to enjoy the same things as before. It is important to talk to your veterinarian. He/she has the perspective and objectivity necessary to recommend the best time for your pet and your family.

### QUESTIONS TO ASK YOURSELF



- What is the most important thing when considering my pet's end-of-life treatment?
- What are my thoughts about euthanasia?
- Would I consider euthanasia if the following were true about my pet:
  - Feeling pain?
  - Can no longer urinate and/or defecate?
  - Starts to experience seizures or has seizures more frequently?
  - Has become unsafe to others?
  - Has stopped eating?
  - Is no longer acting normally?
  - Has a condition that will only worsen with time?
  - Financial limitations prohibit treatment?
  - Palliative (hospice) care has been exhausted or is not an option?
  - The veterinary team recommends euthanasia?
  - The veterinary team recommends euthanasia, but the required symptoms or situations that are listed above are not present?

## "HOW DO I KNOW WHEN IT'S TIME?"

Advice to help you make your decision.



- Enlist the help of your veterinarian. While your veterinarian cannot make the decision for you, it is helpful for him/her to know that you are considering euthanasia.
- Remember how your pet looked and behaved prior to the illness.
   Sometimes changes are gradual, and therefore hard to recognize.
   Look at photos or videos of your pet from before the illness.
- Mark good and bad days on a calendar. Some may choose to distinguish
  morning from evening. This could be as simple as a happy or sad face for
  good or bad. If the bad days start to outweigh the good, it may be time to
  make a decision.
- Write a concrete list of three to five things your pet likes to do. When
  your pet is no longer able to enjoy these things, it may be time to discuss
  euthanasia.



#### How Do I Know When it's Time?

#### Assessing a Pet's Quality of Life and Making Decisions

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MY PET	STRONGLY AGREE (ALL THE TIME) (SEVERE)	AGREE (MOST OF THE TIME) (SIGNIFICANT)	NEUTRAL	DISAGREE (OCCASIONALLY) (SLIGHT)	STRONGLY DISAGREE (NEVER) (NONE)
does not want to play	1	2	3	4	5
does not interact with me in the same way as before	1	2	3	4	5
does not enjoy activities as before	1	2	3	4	5
is hiding	1	2	3	4	5
displays a different behaviour than prior to diagnosis/illness	1	2	3	4	5
does not seem to enjoy life	1	2	3	4	5
has more bad days than good days	1	2	3	4	5
is sleeping more than usual	1	2	3	4	5
seems dull and depressed	1	2	3	4	5
seems to be or is experiencing pain	1	2	3	4	5
is panting (even while resting)	1	2	3	4	5
is trembling or shaking	1	2	3	4	5
is vomiting and/or seems nauseous	1	2	3	4	5
is not eating well - (may only be eating treats or only if fed by hand)	1	2	3	4	5
is not drinking well	1	2	3	4	5
is losing weight	1	2	3	4	5
is having diarrhea often	1	2	3	4	5
is not urinating well	1	2	3	4	5
is not moving normally	1	2	3	4	5
is not as active as normal	1	2	3	4	5
does not move around as needed	1	2	3	4	5
needs my help to move around normally	1	2	3	4	5
is unable to groom	1	2	3	4	5
has coat that is greasy, matted, or rough-looking	1	2	3	4	5
How is my pet's overall health compared to the initial diagnosis/illness?	1 Worse	2	3 Same	4	5 Better
Current quality of life (place "X" along the line that best fits your pet's quality of life)	Poor				Good

Much of this document has been adapted, with permission, from the following sources: The HHHHHMM Quality of Life Scale: Dr. Alice Villalobos; Quality of Life Survey: Dr. David Vail; End-of-Life Values and Goals worksheet, University of Tennessee Veterinary Social Work Department

